SDS OPTIC®

inproblem Smart Cancer Diagnostics

DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM

CORPORATE PRESENTATION

Marcin Staniszewski Chief Executive Officer



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LUBLIN, POLAND

HEADQUARTERS AND R&D CENTER

- inPROBE[®] sensors production
- Optoelectronics and molecular R&D
- Monoclonal antibodies lab production
- Virus diagnostic device platform development





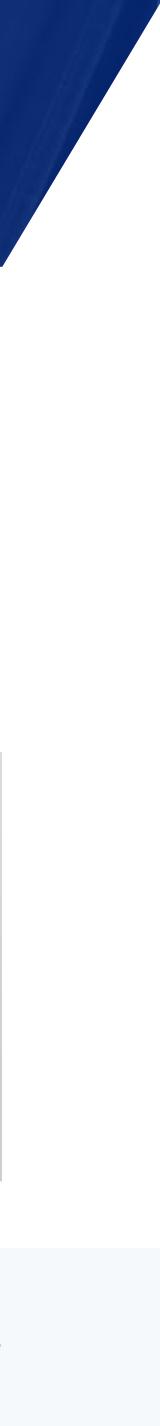
PHILADELPHIA, USA

PHILADELPHIA LABORATORY

- Novel proteins and biomarkers development for cancer and eye research programs
- Protein cloning, expression and purification
- Protein characterization properties and specificity

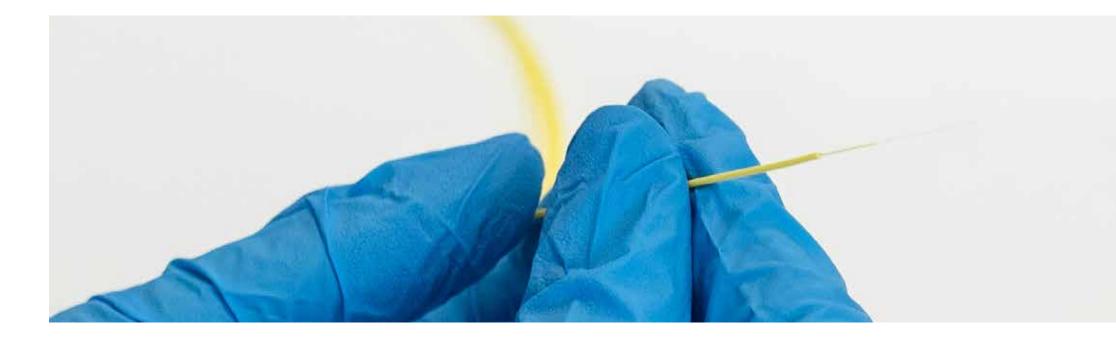






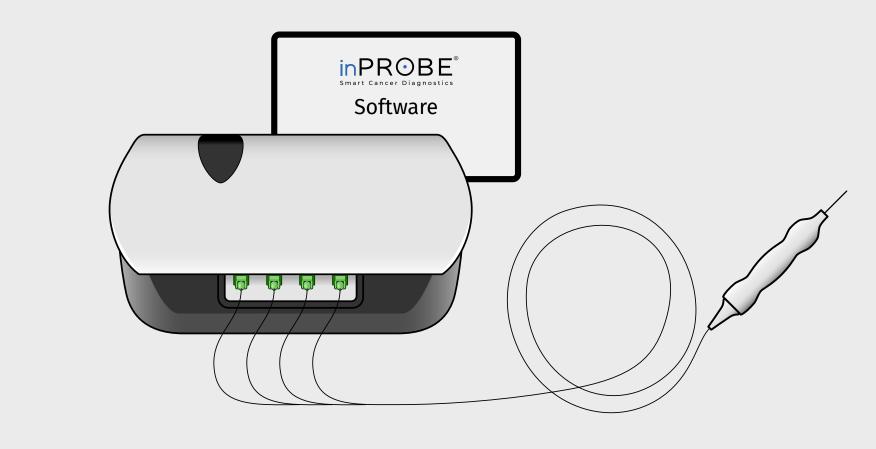
inPROBE® DIAGNOSTIC TECHNOLOGY For both in-vivo and in-vitro applications

- First photonic real-time immunoassay system, utilizing molecular biology, chemistry, and biomedical engineering
- **Real-time detection of HER2 biomarker** and potentionally also other proteins, antibodies and peptides, including other cancer biomarkers
- **Potential point-of-care diagnostic aid** to support and reduce the time to diagnosis



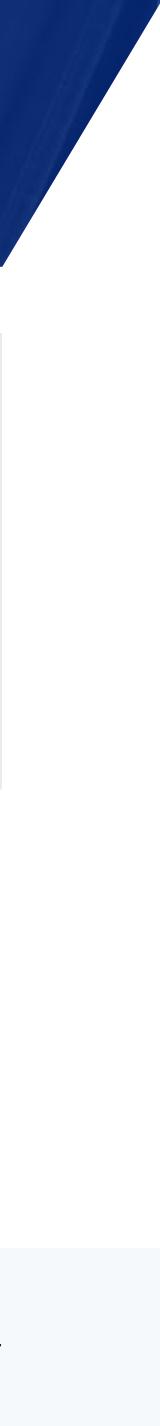




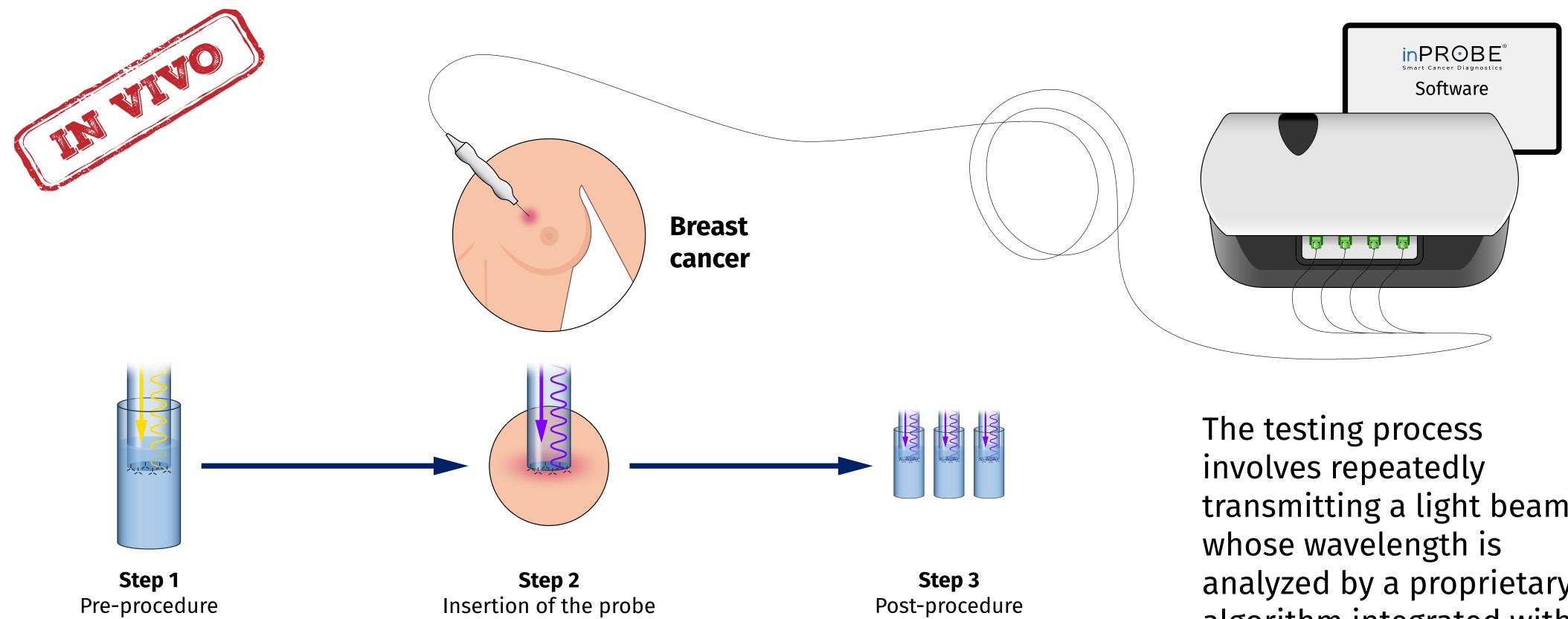


- Novel analyzer with photonic sensor probe consisting of 4 microprobes for biomarker detection in tissue and liquid samples
- Each microprobe tip covered with monoclonal antibodies (mAbs) for HER2 or other chosen target detection





inPROBE® Dx OVERVIEW – BREAST CANCER



into the tumor

SDS OPTIC[®]

calibration

rinsing

transmitting a light beam, analyzed by a proprietary algorithm integrated with a ML component





in PROBE® CLINICAL STUDY (PoC)

Open label, multicenter, single arm, Clinical Investigation of inPROBE® for the assessment of HER2 receptor expression in breast cancer completed March 2023

Overall Study Design Study population inPROBE[®] test • 18 women with high risk HER2 inserted breast cancer positive into tumor 6 patients • Age between 18 and 75 years old • ECOG: 0 to 1 Patient Surgerv Presence of breast cancer HER2 consent confirmed by core needle negative biopsy with a specified 12 patients up to 24 hrs HER2 receptor status at the time of exam





Primary endpoint

placed in the proximity oftumor

Determination of the range of HER2 receptor concentrations using inPROBE that correspond to the HER2 receptor status (positive/negative) determined by IHC/FISH (diagnostic standard).

Key secondary endpoints

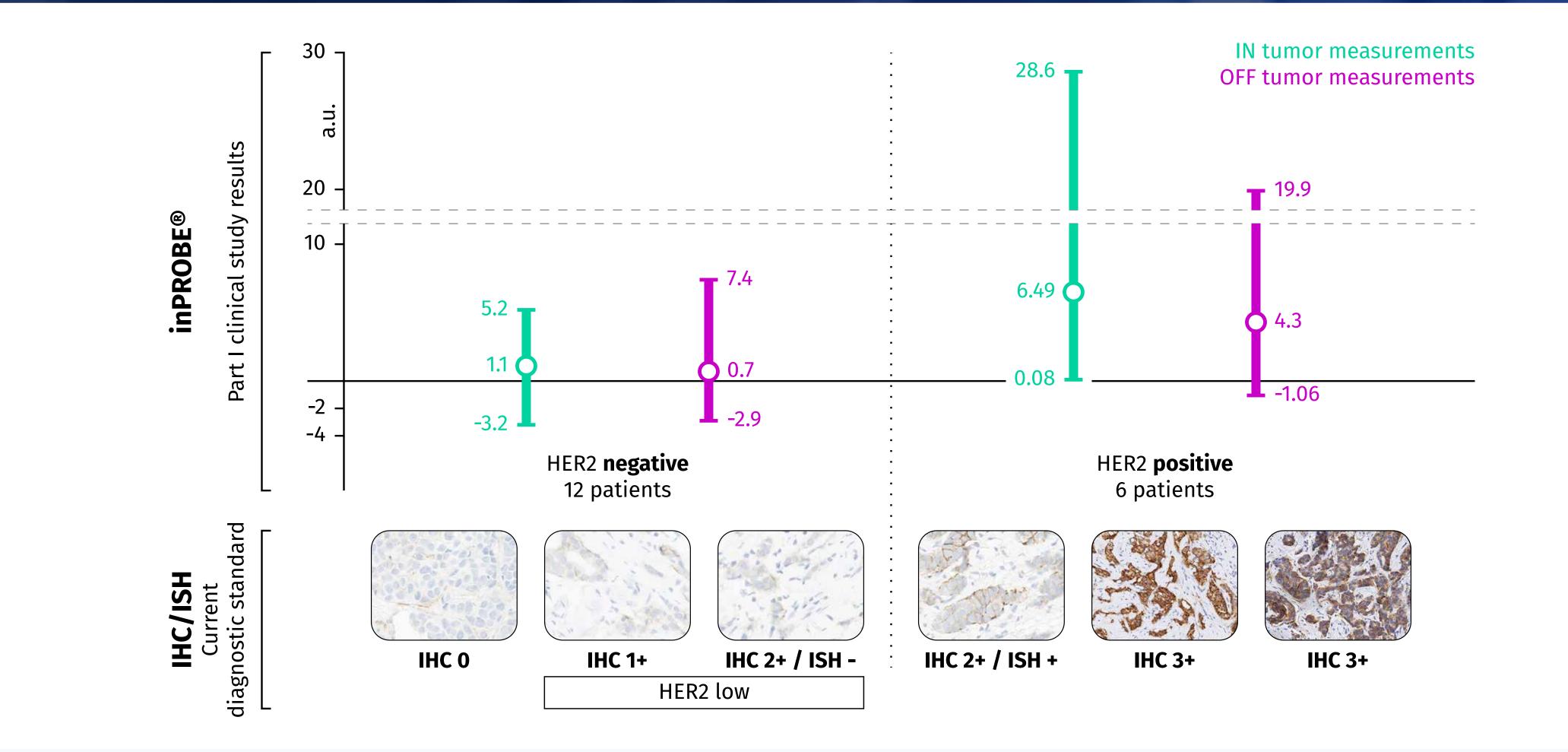
Comparison of HER2 receptor concentrations detected using the inPROBE probe located in the tumor and its immediate surroundings (second probe) in HER2-positive patients.

The occurrence of incidents involving damage, failure, or breakage of inPROBE during the diagnostic procedure, leading to AE/SAE.





inPROBE® CLINICAL STUDY (PoC)





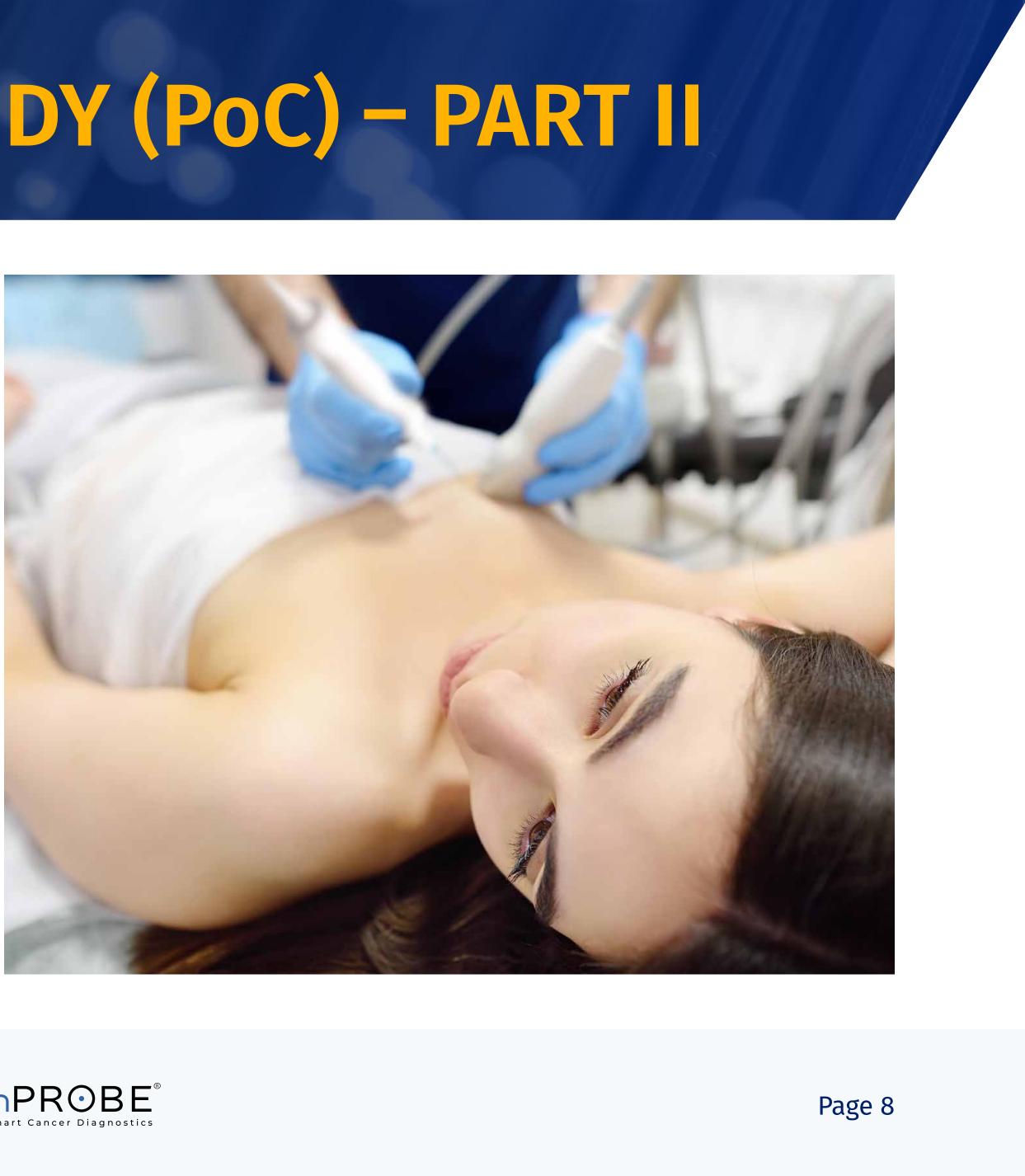




inPROBE® CLINICAL STUDY (PoC) - PART II

- Part II diagnostic efficacy study previously planned to include 192 patients
- We intend to adapt the Clinical Trial Protocol to focus also on HER2-low patients
- The final study design to be consulted with US FDA
- We are responding to the needs of the current global trend in HER2-low and HER2-ultralow detection
- Further in PROBE® calibration vs. HER2 levels is planned to be performed







in PROBE® CASE REPORT GASTRIC CANCER EORTC-NCI-AACR (2024)

- inPROBE[®] recorded a positive signal for HER2 in tested peritoneal lavage samples
- Assessment of HER2 expression in peritoneal lavage (PL) in gastric cancer (GC) patients is feasible and may be an effective method of increasing the identification rate for potential target therapy among selected patients
- inPROBE® technology presents an opportunity for HER2 determination in vitro during diagnostic laparoscopy in GC patients
- HER2 is an established predictive and prognostic biomarker in GC patients, assessed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) in tumor cells

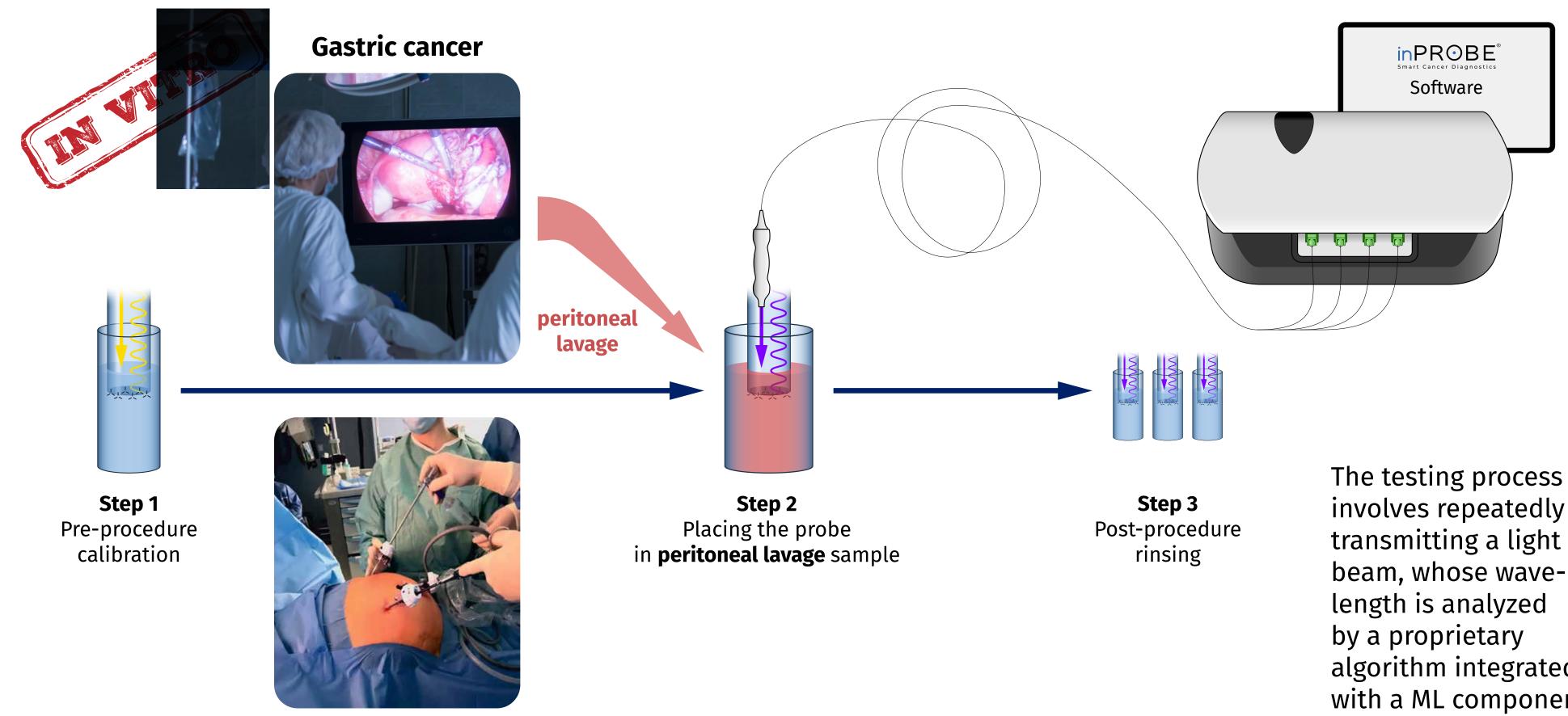








inprobe® dx overview – Gastric Cancer





involves repeatedly transmitting a light beam, whose wavealgorithm integrated with a ML component



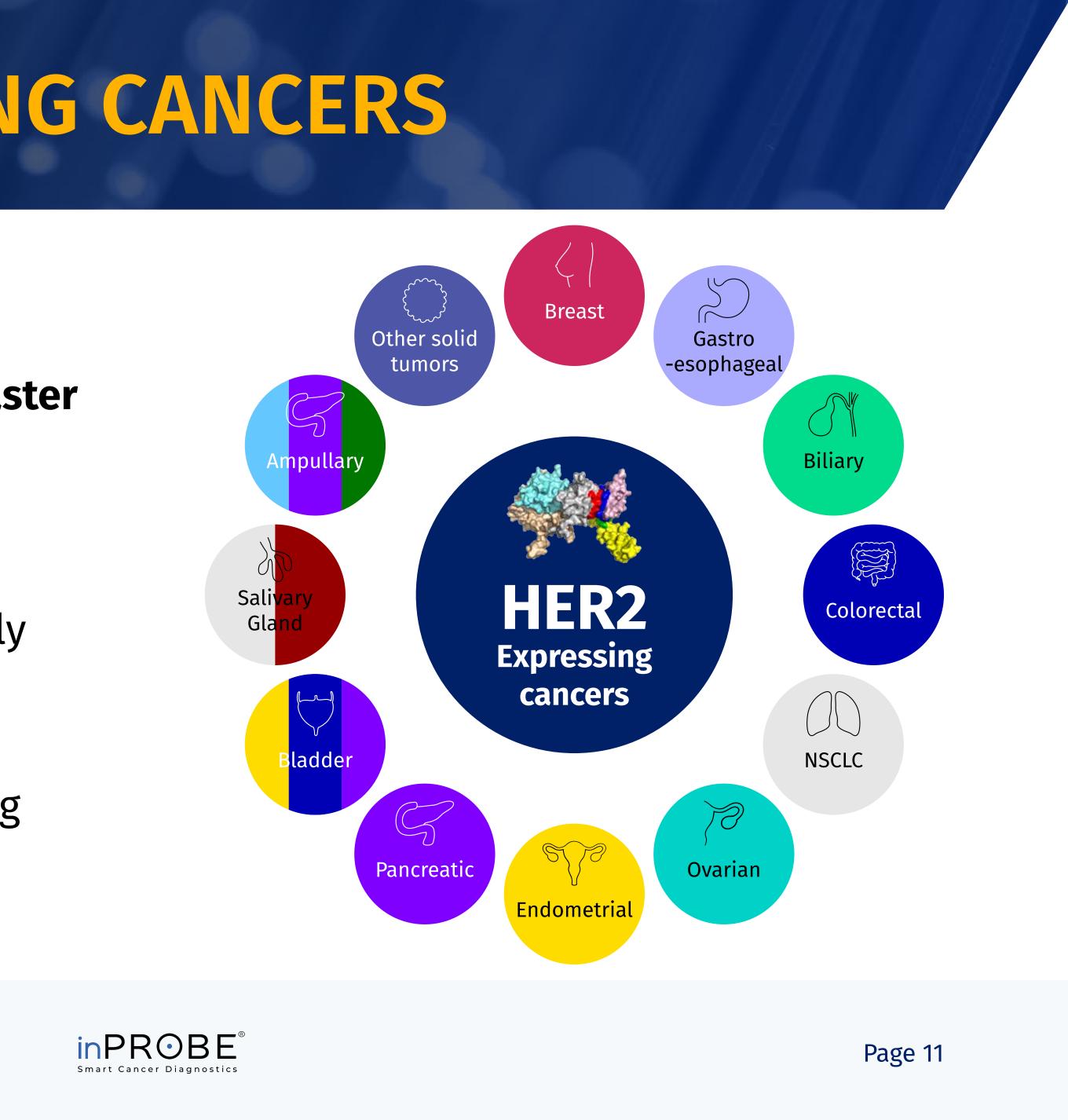


HER2 OVEREXPRESSING CANCERS

HER2-expressing cancers are a group of aggressive tumors often associated with faster progression and a poorer prognosis.

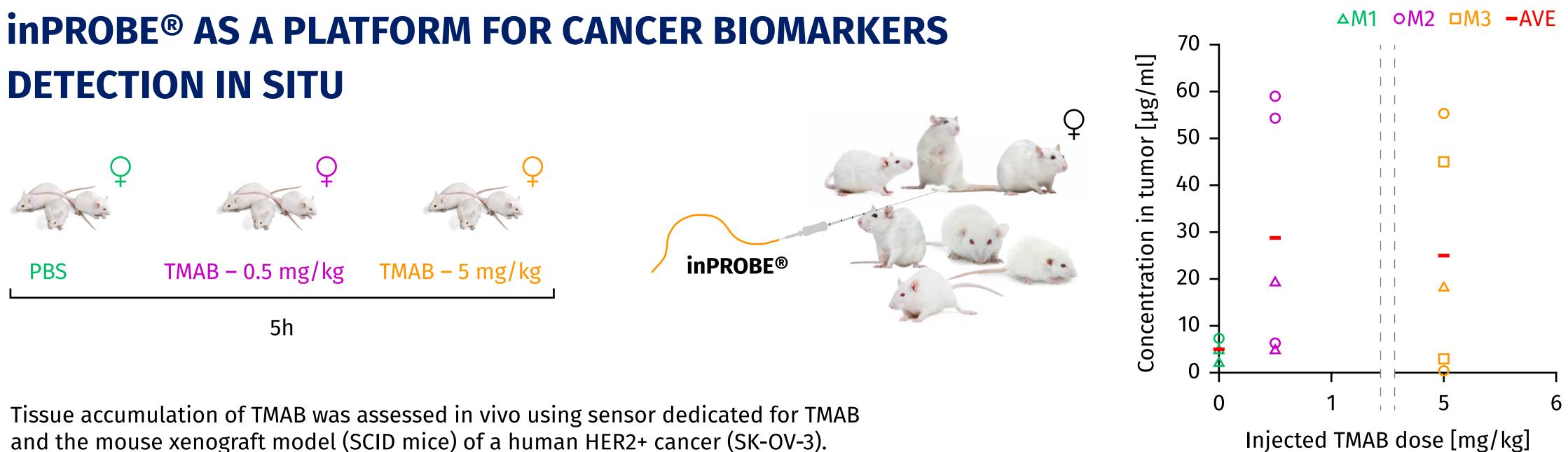
While HER2 positivity can accelerate tumor growth, targeted therapies have significantly improved patient outcomes. Accurate assessment of HER2 status is essential for selecting optimal treatments and advancing precision medicine research.







in PROBE® PRE-CLINICAL STUDY (PoC)



and the mouse xenograft model (SCID mice) of a human HER2+ cancer (SK-OV-3).

The device safety was confirmed on rats by probe insertion into the mammary glands.

ESMO (2023), EORTC-NCI-AACR (2022)



After TMAB injection at 0.0, 0.5 or 5 mg/kg, measurements were performed inside tumor using inProbe sensor.





inPROBE® PRE-CLINICAL STUDY (PoC)

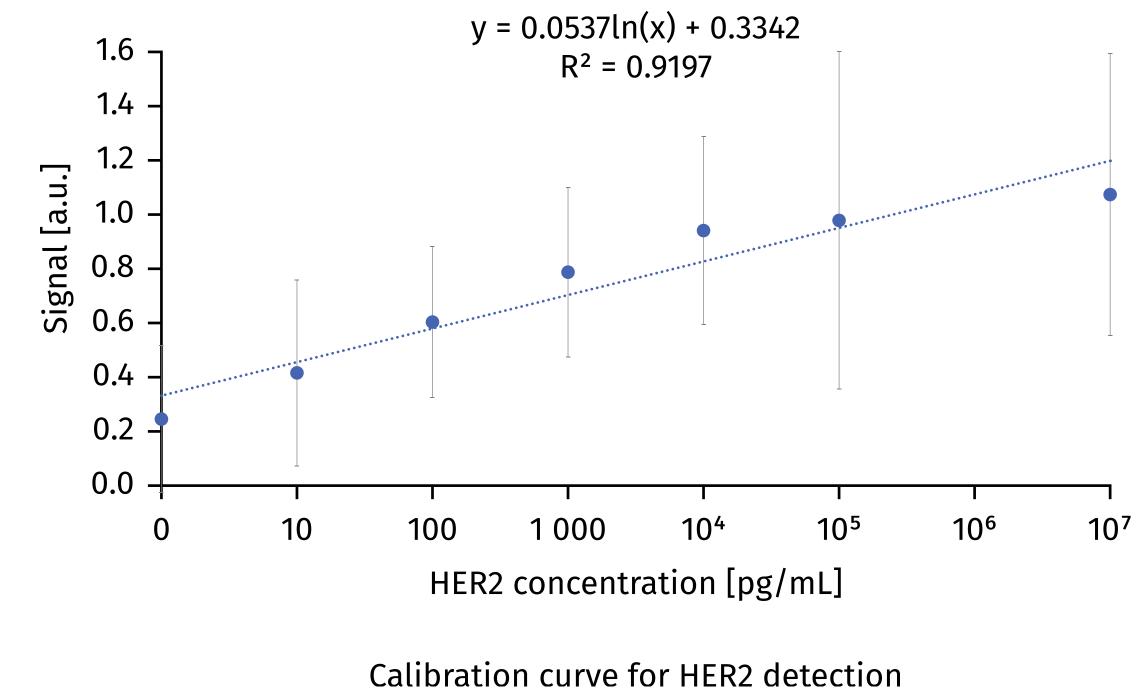
inprobe® AS A PLATFORM FOR CANCER BIOMARKERS DETECTION IN LIQUID SAMPLES

PBS HER2

inPROBE signal measurements (a.u.) was recorded for the PBS solution of recombinant human ECD HER2-Fc chimeric protein within a concentration range of 1 pg-10 mg/ml.

ESMO (2023), EORTC-NCI-AACR (2022)



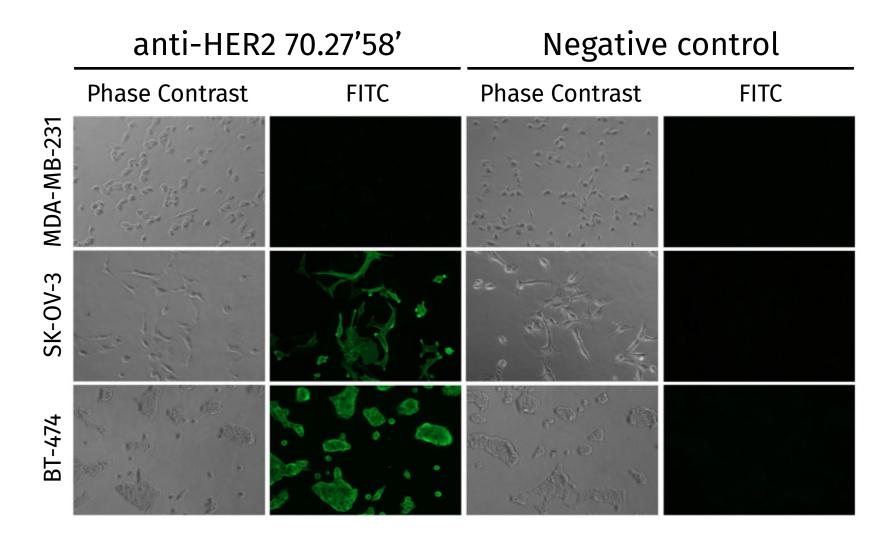






inPROBE® PRE-CLINICAL STUDY (PoC)

inprobe® Antibody specificity and sensitivity for Her2 Biomarker Detection

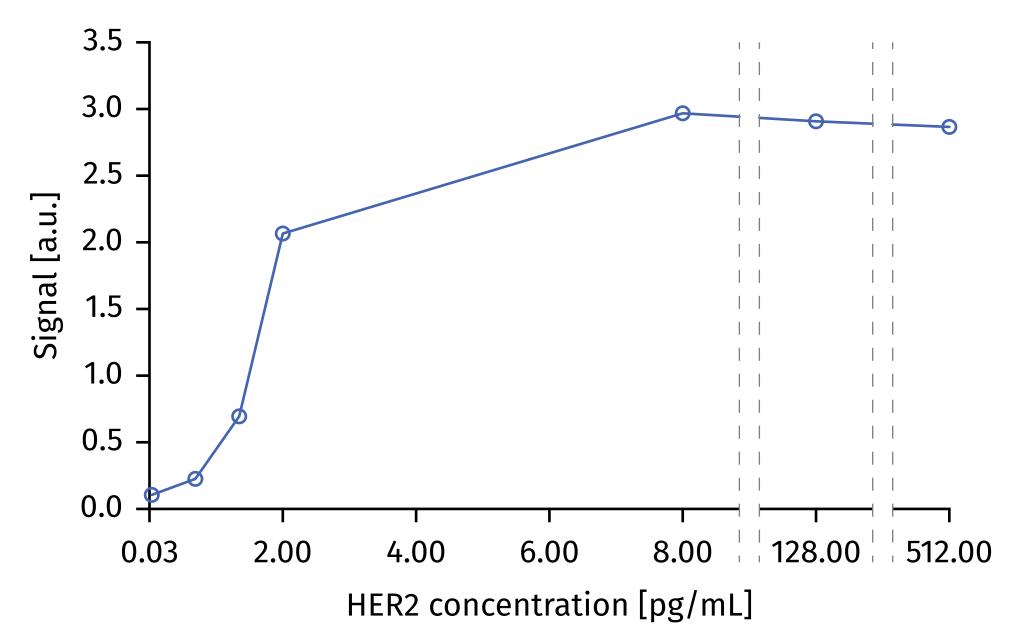


Antibody specificity

HER2- (MDA-MB-231) and HER2+ (SK-OV-3, BT-474) human cancer cells were observed under light microscope (Phase contrast) and stained with SDS proparietary anti-HER2 antibody followed by FITC secondary antibody (green) or FITC secondary antibody alone (Negative control).

ESMO (2023), EORTC-NCI-AACR (2022)





Antibody sensitivity

ELISA on a plate with the immobilized recombinant ECD HER2-Fc chimeric protein was performed using the anti- HER2 antibody further applied for inPROBE sensor.





PUBLICATIONS 2024-2025 HER2-low and HER2-ultra-low 2024-2025 updates

ENHERTU® (fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki) approved in the US as first HER2-directed therapy for patients with HER2-low or HER2-ultralow metastatic breast cancer following disease progression after one or more endocrine therapies

27 January 2025

Based on DESTINY-Breast06 Phase III trial results which showed ENHERTU demonstrated superiority vs. chemotherapy with a median progression-free survival of more than one year

Approval brings AstraZeneca and Daiichi Sankyo's ENHERTU to an earlier HRpositive treatment setting and broadens the patient population eligible for treatment with a HER2-directed therapy to those with HER2-ultralow disease

Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2 Testing in Breast Cancer: ASCO-College of American Pathologists Guideline Update

Antonio C. Wolff, MD¹ (0); Mark R. Somerfield, PhD² (0); Mitchell Dowsett, PhD⁹ (0); M. Elizabeth H. Hammond, MD⁴ (0); Daniel F. Hayes, MD⁵ (0); Lisa M. McShane, PhD^o ; Thomas J. Saphner, MD^v ;; Patricia A. Spears, BS^a; and Kimberly H. Allison, MD^o

ACCOMPANYING CONTENT

Data Supplement

Accepted March 29, 2023

Published June 7, 2023

🖉 Appendix

DOI https://doi.org/10.1200/JC0.22.02864

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE To update ASCO-College of American Pathologists (CAP) recommendations for human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2) testing in breast cancer. The Panel is aware that a new generation of antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs) targeting the HER2 protein is active against breast cancers that lack protein overexpression or gene amplification.

Journal of Clinical Oncology[®]



June 7, 2023

What was the impetus of this guideline update? In 2022, based on results of the DESTINY-Breast04 trial, the United Stated Food and Drug Administration (FDA) expanded the approval of the HER2 antibody-drug conjugate, trastuzumab deruxtecan, from metastatic breast cancer patients with HER2 protein over-expression/amplification to also include metastatic patients with HER2 IHC 1+ or 2+/ISH negative results. This clinical trial adopted new terminology, "HER2 Low," as short-hand for the HER2 IHC 1+ or 2+/ISH negative breast cancer cases that were in the trial (patients with IHC 0 results were excluded). Since the CAP/ASCO Guideline does not include "HER2 Low" as an interpretive category, a systematic review of the literature was performed to determine if changes to the guideline were needed.



of Clinical Oncology®	
ieny or Clinical Oncology Journal	
Meeting Abstract: 2024 ASCO Annual Meeting I	
FREE ACCESS Breast Cancer—Metastatic May 29, 2024	🛛 in f 🖾 💌
DESTINY-Breast07: Dose-expansion i	interim analysis of T-
	-
DXd monotherapy and T-DXd + pertuz	zumab in patients with
previously untreated HER2+ mBC.	
Authors: Fabrice Andre, Erika P. Hamilton, Sherene Loi, Carey K. Anders, Peter Schmid, Daniil S	Stroyakovskiy, Rafael Villanueva, SHOW ALL, and Komal
Jhaveri AUTHORS INFO & AFFILIATIONS	
Publication: Journal of Clinical Oncology • Volume 42, Number 16 suppl • https	s://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.2024.42.16_suppl.1009

CAN	FAQs

HER2 Testing in Breast Cancer: Guideline Update

	ASCO [®] Guidelines	COLLEGE of AMERICAN PATHOLOGISTS	HER2 TESTING IN BREAST CANCER		
	GUIDELINE UPDATE	_			
	The 2018 ASCO-CAP	recommendations for HI are affirmed.	ER2 testing in breast cancer		
	as "HER2 Low," because of a response relative to patients IHC results (0, 1+, 2+, 3+) sh be employed to distinguish HER2-related treatments, in	a current lack of data on pre s with HER2 IHC 0 results. So nould continue to be reported these categories to identify cluding those that meet DES	ing reporting categories such diction of differential treatment tandard semi-quantitative HER2 d and best practices should patients eligible for approved TINY-Breast04 criteria (IHC 1+ nt is recommended to clarify the results.		
	Wolff et al J Clin Oncol 2023 asco.org/breast-cancer-guidelines		s Society of Clinical Oncology, CAR-College of American Pathologists, HERD, human epidermal nmunchatochemistry, EP4 (in situ-hybridization		
E	GOOD SCIENCE BETTER MEDICINE BEST PRACTICE		ANNALS ONCOLOG driving innovation in proc	Y	
ESI	CIAL ARTICLE AO expert consensus s nagement of HER2-lov		the definition, diagnosis, ar	nd	
P. Tarantino ^{1,2,3} , G. Viale ⁴ , M. F. Press ⁵ , X. Hu ⁶ , F. Penault-Llorca ⁷ , A. Bardia ^{2,8} , A. Batistatou ⁹ , H. J. Burstein ^{1,2} , L. A. Carey ¹⁰ , J. Cortes ^{11,12} , C. Denkert ¹³ , V. Diéras ¹⁴ , W. Jacot ¹⁵ , A. K. Koutras ¹⁶ , A. Lebeau ¹⁷ , S. Loibl ^{18,19} , S. Modi ²⁰ , M. F. Mosele ²¹ , E. Provenzano ²² , G. Pruneri ^{3,23} , J. S. Reis-Filho ²⁴ , F. Rojo ²⁵ , R. Salgado ^{26,27} , P. Schmid ²⁸ , S. J. Schnitt ^{2,29} , S. M. Tolaney ^{1,2} , D. Trapani ^{3,30} , A. Vincent-Salomon ³¹ , A. C. Wolff ³² , G. Pentheroudakis ³³ , F. André ³⁴ & G. Curigliano ^{3,30+}					





SDS OPTIC POSTERS Full texts available upon request



May 31–June 4, 2024 McCormick Place | Chicago, IL & Online

Innovative fiber-optic-based approach of HER2 expression quantitative assessment using inPROBE technology.

Dariusz M. Stencel, Marcin Staniszewski, Wojciech Polkowski, Andrzej Kurylcio, Przemysław Kopyto, Magdalena Staniszewska; SDS Optic Inc., Lublin, Poland; Medical University of Lublin, Lublin, Poland; Medical University, Lublin, Poland

Is HER2-negative breast cancer really negative? Clinical implication of novel assessment method using inPROBE technology.

Dariusz M. Stencel, Wojciech Polkowski, Andrzej Kurylcio, Przemysław Kopyto, Marcin Staniszewski, Magdalena Staniszewska; SDS Optic Inc., Lublin, Poland; Medical University of Lublin, Lublin, Poland; Medical University, Lublin, Poland; Institute of Health Sciences Faculty of Medicine The John Paul II Catholic University of Lublin, Lublin, Poland





#ASCO24





P3-01-29 – Open, single-arm clinical trial with innovative inPROBE® technology for *in vivo*, real-time, quantitative HER2 expression assessment

D. Stencell; W. Polkowski'; A. Kurylcio'; P. Kopyto'; P. Bogacz'; K. Gęca'; M. Staniszewski'; M. Staniszewska' SDS Optic SA. Lublin, Poland, "Department of Surgical Opcology, Medical University of Lublin, Poland."



cells, merging molecular biology with photonics technology. We conducted an interventional, open-label, single-arm safety and efficacy clinical trial in female BC patient with known HER2 status with the primary endpoint to correlate HER2 concentration ranges detected with microprobe with HER2 receptor status identified by IHC/FISH. The key secondary endpoint was to assess the relation between inPROBE[®] assessment in tumor mass and surrounding area in HER2-positive BC

inPROBE* technology could become promising tool, providing the oncologist with new, modern, real-time, in vivo diagnostic method; thus, meeting a pressing clinical need.

when an improvementation

Traditional methods such as immunohistochemistry (IHC) and fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) depend on subjective assessment of tissue samples, sometimes leading to imprecise results. This can result in either under-treatment or over-treatment, highlighting the need for more accurate diagnostics.

The inPROBE* technology marks a pivotal shift in encology towards personalized medicine, particularly in the assessment of protein expression like HER2 in breast cancer. This novel in vivo approach allows the examination with optic liber probe directly in the patient's body without the need for tissue extraction. The interaction between the protein and the biosensor generates an uptical signal, which is converted into a numerical value representing the protein expression level, thereby providing objective and real-time results.

Funded by

the European Unio

NCBR.



Materials an

We conducted an interventional, open-label, single-arm safety and efficacy clinical investigation in female BC patient aged 18 to 75 years with known HER2 status based on IHC/FISH (clinicaltrials.gov NCT05415943).

The patient population in this study was represented by women with a confirmed diagnosis of breast cancer based on a core needle biopsy and known HER2 receptor expression status, referred for surgical treatment. A total number of 22 patients were enrolled and signed ICF; however, 18 patients were finally analysed for efficacy-related objectives, while 21 for safety profile analysis. The objectives were fulfiled. Out of 18 patients included in PP1, 12 (66,7%) had HER2 negative status and 6 (33.3%) had HER2 positive status confirmed by standardized methods (IHC / FISH).

InPROBE microprobe was inserted into the breast (with two simultaneous punctures) prior to the surgical resection of breast fumour with known HER2 receptor status in one patient HER2 status at the time of the procedure was unclear and verified after resection. The primary endpoint was identification of HER2 concentration ranges

detected with microprobe corresponding to HER2 receptor status identified by IHC/FiSH.

The key secondary endpoint was to assess the relation between inPROBE assessment in tumor mass and surrounding area in the direct

tumor vicinity in HER2-positive patients. Safety endpoint: occurrence of defects, damage, failures and fracture

of probe during the diagnostic procedure, leading to AE/ SAE.

Res

The study met its primary endpoint, i.e. it was determined the HER2 receptor concentration ranges detected with inProbe corresponding to HER2 receptor status (positive/negative) identified by the current diagnostic standard (IHC/FISH).

The study did not meet secondary endpaint in terms of correlation of HER2 receptor concentrations detected with the inProbe probe located in the tumour and in the direct tumour area in HER2-positive patients. However, statistically significant positive correlation of moderate magnitude was observed in overall population (HER2-positive and HER2-negative patients), mainly driven by HER2-negative patients, possibly due to difference regarding sample size.

Safety profile of inPROBE device seems to be good and promising. No adverse events were observed during the course of the study.

Table 1. Comparison of inPROBE optical results between groups by HER2 status.

Mean of all measurements Mean (SD) Median (IQR) Ranae	6.497 (10.939) 2.511 [1.540, 3.625] 0.05, 28.67	1.176 (2.367) 1.324 [-0.136, 2.836] -3.20, 5.21	.250
Median of all measurements Mean (50) Modian (1QR) Range	6.161 (10.578) 2 109 [1.489, 3.169] 0.30, 27.65	1.683 (1.568) 1.705 [0.988, 2.131] -0.71, 5.21	291
Min of all measurements Mean (SO) Median (IQR) Range	4.893 (10.125) 1.144 (0.941, 2.110) 1.62, 25.38	-3.634 (6.360) -0.644 (-5.826, 0.300) -16.41, 3.08	.041
Max of all measurements Mean (SD) Median (IQR) Bange Wilcown rank sum exact test	8.782 (12.509) 4.681 [2.233, 6.106] 1.34, 33.99	5.012 (2.685) 4.663 [2.771, 7.091] 1.69, 10.40	.750

References

Discussion

Some of the patients with HER2-negative BC included in the study may have represented the subtype currently defined as HER2-low, which contributed to the heterogeneity of the study group. In combination with the twice as large size of the HER2-negative group, this could have significantly translated into the fact that for some measurements statistical significance was not obtained, but only a numerical trend. However, it can be assumed that the developed inPROBE® technology enabled the detection of a specific biological feature, impossible to detect using standard methods.

The secondary endpoint was not obtained in terms of the comparison of the correlation of HER2 receptor concentrations detected with one inPROBE® microprobe located in the tumor and the second microprobe in the immediate vicinity of the tumor in HER2-positive patients, probably due to the small number of patients with HER2positive tumors (n=6). However, a statistically significant correlation was demonstrated between the concentrations of HER2 receptors detected using the inProbe® microprobe in the tumor and in the immediate vicinity of the tumor for the entire studied population (HER2-positive and HER2-negative patients) (p=0.046).

conclusions

- The current standard IHC/FISH method for HER2 expression assessment could be questioned and advances in targeted therapy may require more sophisticated technologies.
- inPROBE® technology shows promise of becoming a tool providing the oncologist with new, modern, real-time, in vivo diagnostic method.
- Tumor HER2 status might be determined without need for tissue biopsy, lowering a risk of cancer dissemination
- Further studies are needed to establish the correlations between HER2 expression assessed with inPROBE* with the results obtained with standard INC/FISH methods
- Further clinical development of inPROBE® can be continued with no risks for patients' safety.



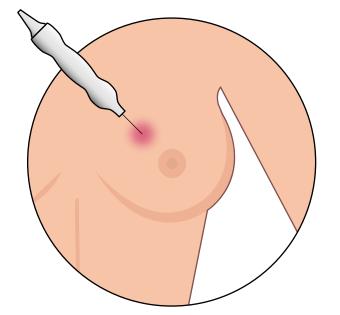


inPROBE® POTENTIAL FUTURE APPLICATIONS

Clinical needs

- disease risk for prognosis evaluation
- clinical diagnosis support
- therapeutic intervention monitoring

SOLUBLE BIOMARKERS DETECTION AND QUANTIFICATION (AFTER A SENSOR CALIBRATION)



In vivo (in situ) Solid tumours biomarkers eg. breast cancer (HER2)

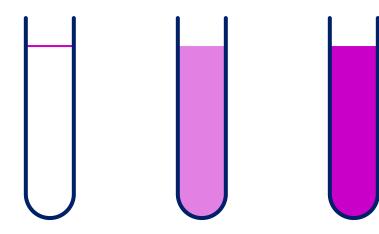


Possible detection

- targeted proteins and ADCs
- cell membrane fragments
- vesicles and viruses

In vitro (liquid samples)

- cerebrolspinal fluid
- blood
- urine
- saliva







COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE inPROBE[®] is less-invasive, point-of-care and less expensive

Current diagnostic standard

Feature	inPROBE®	IHC	ISH	ELISA	ForteBIO Octet®
Tissue Biopsy	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Real time result	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO
Location of test	In vivo in vitro point of care	In vitro – external laboratory	In vitro – external laboratory	In vitro – external laboratory	In vitro – external laboratory
Quantitative results	YES	NO	NO/YES	NO	YES
Estimated investment needed (€k)	30	260	110	80	120
Core technology	Photonics Biosensing	Immunohistochemistry	Fluorescence/ Molecular Cytogenetic	Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay	Photonics Biosensing
				Assay	









COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE (CONT.) inPROBE® is less-invasive, point-of-care and less expensive

Feature	inPROBE®	Northern Blot	SAGE (Serial Analysis of Gene Expression)	MicroArray	RT-PCR (qPCR)
Tissue Biopsy	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Real time result	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO
Location of test	In vivo in vitro point of care	In vitro – external laboratory	In vitro – external laboratory	In vitro – external laboratory	In vitro – external laboratory
Quantitative results	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES
Estimated investment needed (€k)	30	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ
Core technology	Photonics Biosensing	Hybridization of immobilized RNA	Transcriptomic	Chip binding / RNA isolated bath	Transcription







SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM



Marcin Staniszewski

Co-Founder CEO Chief Technology Officer











Magdalena Staniszewska

Co-Founder CSO Head of Scientific Advisory Board







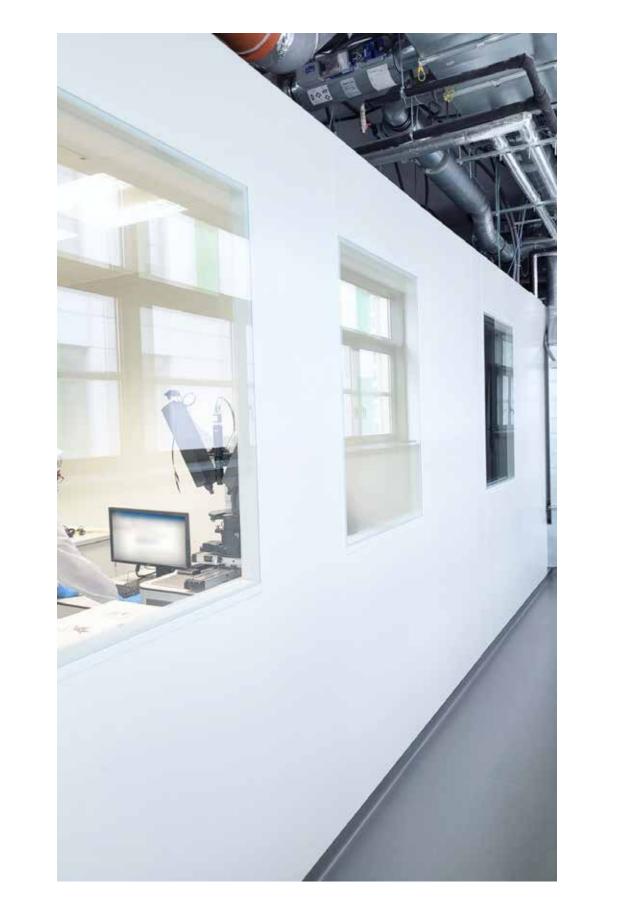




SDS OPTIC FACILITY

- Own machine park valued at approximately \$1M for the production of photonic components for inPROBE® biosensors
- Ability to scale up production from laboratory-scale to semi-industrial
- Full control of the quality of all production processes
- Planned production capacity of over 50,000 biosensors per year
- Confirmed compliance of process, technological, and manufacturing documentation audit by Orange (photonic division)
- Dedicated Clean Room production and quality control facility compliant with EN ISO 14644
- Monoclonal antibody production facility









QMS CERTIFICATION

inPROBE[®] REGULATORY STATUS

- External audit by TÜV Nord in 2023, 2024 and 2025
- EN ISO 13485 Quality Management System (QMS) Certification Granted in 2023
- Plans for initiation of EU-MDR certification for HER2+ Breast Cancer
- EU-MDR certification planned for 2027
- CE mark planned for 2027
- FDA consultation planned for 2025



TÜVNORD

CERTIFICATE

Management system as per PN-EN ISO 13485:2016-04 Medical devices - Quality management systems - Requirements for regulatory purposes

In accordance with TÜV NORD Polska Sp. z o.o. procedures, it is hereby certified that

SDS OPTIC S.A. ul. Głęboka 39, PL / 20-612 Lublin



applies a management system in line with the above standard for the following scope

Design and production of a sterile probe for breast cancer diagnosis with accessories, an analyser and software.

Certificate Registration No. AC090 MD/2273/5431/2023 Audit Report No. PL5431/2023

Valid from 19-05-2023 Valid until 18-05-2026

Katowice, 19-05-2023

Manager of Certification Bod

TÜV NORD Polska Sp. z o.o.

This certification was conducted in accordance with the TÜV NORD Polska Sp. z o.o. auditing and certification procedures and is subject to regular surveillance audits

TÜV NORD Polska Sp. z o.o.

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PHILIPS & CSEM / MEDPHAB The Analyzer (detection device) industrialization and certification

- Scaling up from the clinical to the commercial prototype of the inPROBE[®] detection device (analyzer) and initiating medium-scale contract production
- Scaling up the project of optoelectronic and electronic elements of the analyzer
- Production (Philips) of a commercial prototype of the analyzer with comprehensive testing of its functional and systemic features
- Compliance with EU-MDR and EN ISO 13485 regulations
- Two optoelectronic system prototypes (System 1 & System 2) designed and tested, with quality set up and documentation preparations at PHILIPS System SW 1 and System 2 Sprint
- 3D printed Housing design for System 1 (outer & inner) done with with elements and materials bill
- Risk analyses complianed with EU-MDR and EN ISO 14791 regulations
- Software designed according to EN 62304 and delivered









Funded by:







ANTIBODY MANUFACTURING SERVICES

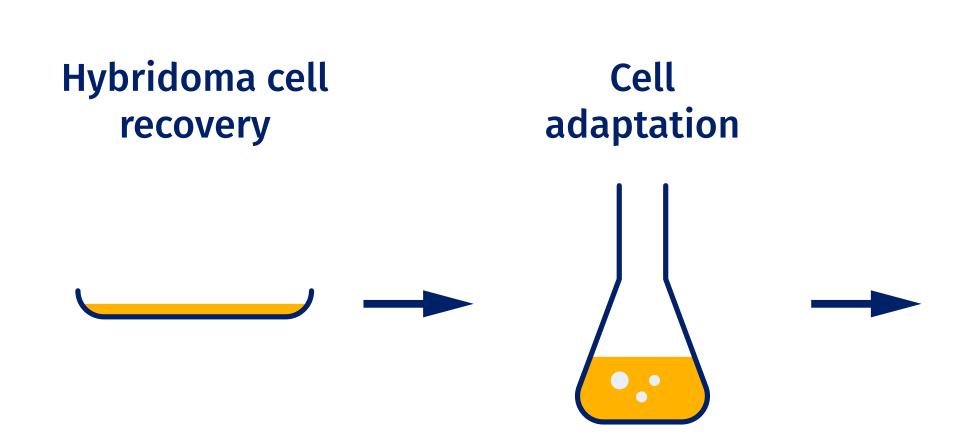




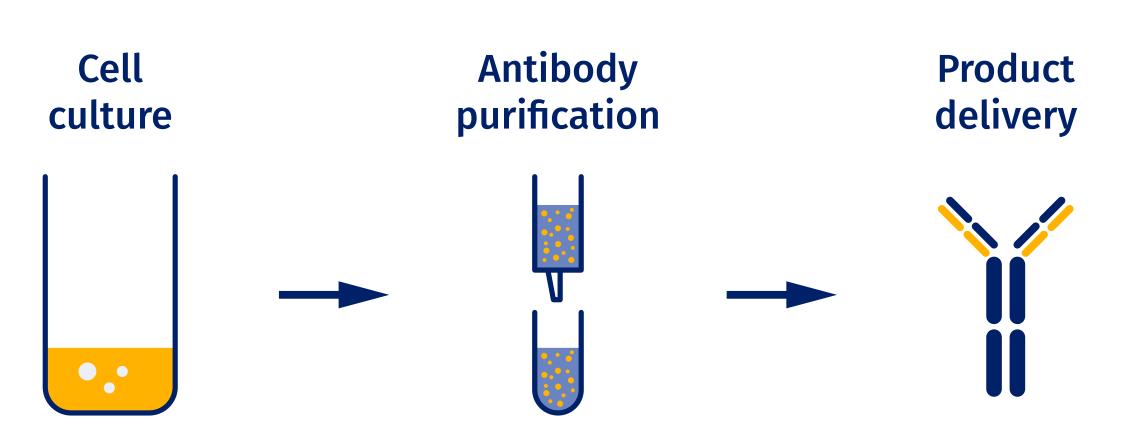
MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES CAPABILITIES for academic, biopharmaceutical and diagnostic entities

CUSTOM MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY SERVICES

Monoclonal antibodies discovery platform: hybridoma antibody production – up to 30 mg per month.









MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES CAPABILITIES for academic, biopharmaceutical and diagnostic entities

HYBRIDOMA CELL CULTURE AND ANTIBODY PRODUCTION TIMELINE

1-2 days

Cell recovery Cell recovery and counting

2-4 weeks

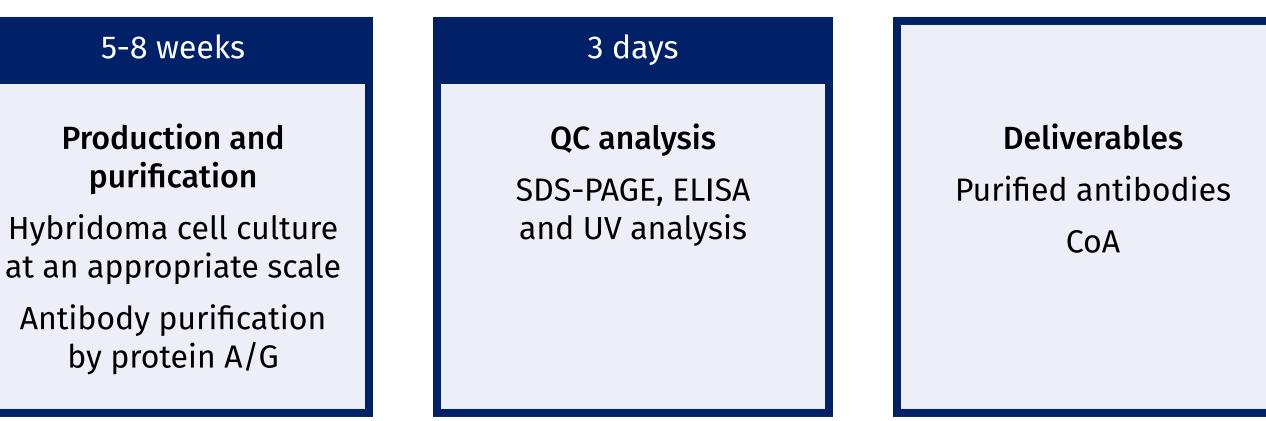
Cell adaptation

Cells adapted to serum-free or low-serum media

Fed-batch cell culture process development

- High purity
- Batch-to-batch reproducibility





- Low-serum or serum-free media
- Mycoplasma tested by PCR

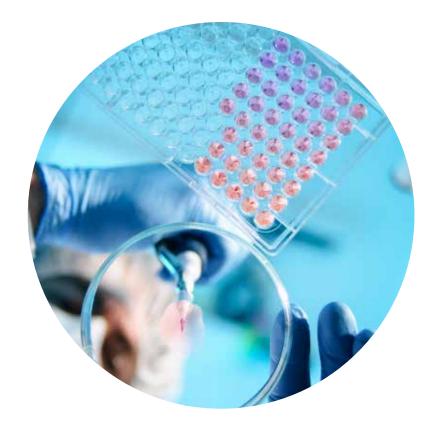


INVESTMENT & PARTNERING OPPORTUNITIES



+€22 mln

raised for inPROBE® research & development



€10 mln

EIB financing (venture debt for 2024-2028)







€4 mln

Highest ever Horizon2020 SME grant

€4 mln

Publicly listed





THANK YOU

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